

Table 1: Name, type, indication, manufacture and efficacy of ATMPs licensed for use across the UK

| Name of ATMP | Type of ATMP | Indication | Product manufacture and administration | Efficacy (major outcome trials) |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Atidarsagene autotemcel (Libmeldy) | Gene therapy medicinal product | Metachromatic leukodystrophy with mutations in the arylsulfatase A (ARSA) gene | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Autologous gene therapy manufactured with patient's own CD34+ stem cells, collected by leukapheresis or bone-marrow harvest, which are modified <i>ex vivo</i> using a lentiviral vector to insert a functional ARSA gene; Single-dose administration. | Results indicate it is effective in modifying the disease course of early-onset metachromatic leukodystrophy in most patients |
| Autologous anti-CD19-transduced CD3+ cells (Tecartus) | Gene therapy medicinal product | Relapsed or refractory mantle cell lymphoma | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Autologous CAR-T cell therapy manufactured using the patient's own T-lymphocytes collected by leukapheresis; The T cells are genetically modified <i>ex vivo</i> using a retroviral vector to produce anti-CD19 CAR-T cells; The CAR-T cells are expanded and infused back into patient; Single-dose administration. | In the phase 2 ZUMA-2 trial, after a minimum of 7 months of follow up, 93% of patients had an objective response, with 67% achieving complete response |
| Axicabtagene ciloleucel (Yescarta) | Gene therapy medicinal product | Relapsed/refractory diffuse large B-cell lymphoma and primary (DLBCL) mediastinal large B-cell lymphoma following two or more previous systemic treatments | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Product manufacture is similar to that described for Tecartus; Single-dose administration. | In the phase 2 ZUMA-1 trial, after a median follow up of 24 months, 74% of patients achieved an objective response and 54% a complete response |
| Tisagenlecleucel (KYMRIA) | Gene therapy medicinal product | Relapsed or refractory B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia (r/r ALL) in patients aged under 25 years Refractory DLBCL after more than 2 previous therapies | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Autologous CAR-T cell therapy manufactured using the patient's own T-lymphocytes collected by leukapheresis. The T cells are genetically modified <i>ex vivo</i> using a lentiviral vector encoding an anti-CD19 CAR protein; Single-dose administration. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In the ELIANA trial, children and young adults with r/r ALL had an overall remission rate of 82.3%; In the JULIET trial, adult patients with DLBCL demonstrated an overall response rate 53% at a median follow-up of 40.3 months. |
| Talimogene laherparepvec (Imlygic) | Gene therapy medicinal product | Adult patients with unresectable metastatic melanoma | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Produced by recombinant DNA technology in Vero cells; The exact mechanism of action is unknown, although when talimogene is injected into melanoma, it causes tumor lysis and release of tumor-derived antigens. This together with virally derived granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor (GM-CSF) promotes an anti-tumor immune response. | In the OPTiM study, talimogene laherparepvec monotherapy versus GM-CSF showed a statistically significant durable response rate (19% vs. 14%) and overall response rate (31.5% vs. 6.4%). Median overall survival was 23.3 versus 18.9 months. 50 patients (16.9%) vs 1 patient (0.7%) achieved complete response in each group |
| Autologous human corneal epithelial cells (Holoclar) | Tissue-engineered medicinal product | Adult patients with moderate to severe limbal stem cell deficiency | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Autologous limbal stem cells. Collected at biopsy, expanded and implanted into the cornea; Process takes several weeks. | The HLSTM01 trial reported 72.1% of patients had successful Holoclar transplant at 12 months after therapy |
| Voretigene neparvovec (Luxturna) | Gene therapy medicinal product | Inherited retinal dystrophies caused by RPE65 gene mutations | Extracted from naturally occurring adeno-associated virus and recombinant DNA techniques | The phase 3 301 study reported improvement in the visual acuity of at least 0.3 logMAR in 55% of first-treated eyes and 20% of second-treated eyes after 12 months |
| Autologous CD34+ enriched cell fraction containing CD34+ cells transduced with retroviral vector encoding for human adenosine deaminase cDNA sequence (Strimvelis) | Gene therapy medicinal product | Adenosine deaminase deficiency (severe combined immunodeficiency) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Autologous bone-marrow-derived cells (CD34+ cells) collected and modified to make functional adenosine deaminase enzyme; Single-dose administration. | The ADIII56II trial reported a 100% survival rate at 3 years |
| Autologous chondrocyte implantation (ACI) using chondrosphere (Spherox) | Tissue-engineered medicinal product | Symptomatic articular cartilage defects of the knee | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Patient's own chondrocytes isolated from healthy cartilage then cultured <i>in vitro</i> for autologous use; Entire process takes six to eight weeks. | A phase 3 licensing study demonstrated the non-inferiority of ACI (compared with microfracture) at 60 months follow-up |
| Onasemnogene abeparvovec (Zolgensma) | Gene therapy medicinal product | Spinal muscular atrophy | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Derived from human embryonic kidney cells by r-DNA technology; Single-dose administration. | In the AVXS-101-CL-303 study, 21/22 patients survived event-free (without permanent ventilation) to \geq 10.5 months of age and 20 survived to 18 months of age |